

Students

SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS**Definitions**Education Records

The term "education records" is defined as all records, files, documents and other materials containing information directly related to a student and maintained by the education agency or institution, or by a person acting for such agency or institution. This includes all records regardless of medium, including, but not limited to, handwriting, videotape or audiotape, electronic or computer files, film, print, microfilm, and microfiche.

In addition, for students who attend a public school district, all records pertaining to services provided under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) are considered "education records" under FERPA. As such, they are subject to the confidentiality provisions of both Acts.

The definition of education Records does not include the following:

- 1) Personal notes made by teachers or other staff, if these notes are:
 - a. Kept in the sole possession of the maker;
 - b. Not accessible or revealed to any other person except a temporary substitute; and
 - c. Used only as a memory aid.
- 2) Records created or received by an educational agency or institution after an individual is no longer a student in attendance and that **are not directly related** to the individual's attendance as a student.
- 3) Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher.

Attendance

"Attendance" includes, but is not limited to:

- 1) Attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videoconference, satellite, Internet, or other electronic information and telecommunications technologies for students who are not physically present in the classroom; and
- 2) The period during which a person is working under a work-study program.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)Personally Identifiable Information

The term "personally identifiable information" includes, but is not limited to:

- 1) The student's name;
- 2) The name of the student's parent or other family members;
- 3) The address of the student or student's family;
- 4) A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record ("Biometric record" is defined as a record of one or more measurable biological or behavioral characteristics that can be used for automated recognition of an individual. Examples include fingerprints; retina and iris patterns; voiceprints; DNA sequence; facial characteristics; and handwriting);
- 5) Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name;
- 6) Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable certainty; or
- 7) Information requested by a person who the educational agency or institution reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the education record relates.

Directory Information

"Directory information" is information contained in an education record of a student that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed.

Disclosure of Records

"Disclosure" is to permit access to or the release, transfer, or other communication of personally identifiable information contained in education records by any means, including oral, written, or electronic means, to any party except the party identified as the party that provided or created the record.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)**Parent or Guardian or Eligible Student Access Rights**

- 1) The School District, hereinafter referred to as "the District," shall, upon request of a parent or guardian or eligible student (which is defined under FERPA as a student who is 18 years of age or older or who is attending an institution of post-secondary education), permit the parent or guardian to inspect, review, or copy any education record relating to the child or children of that parent or guardian when such record is collected, maintained, or used by the District. The District shall fulfill the request within 45 days after the request is received. All references to parent or guardian in this regulation will also include "eligible" student even if it is not stated.
- 2) The right to inspect, review, or copy education records includes:
 - a. The right of a parent or guardian to request of and receive from the District a reasonable explanation of information contained in the education records of the child;
 - b. The right of a parent or guardian to be provided, on request, with a copy of all or part of the education records of the child; and
 - c. The right of a parent or guardian to designate a representative who will inspect, review, or copy the records.
- 3) If a parent or guardian requests copies of education records from the District, the District may charge the parent or guardian a reasonable cost which will not exceed the actual expense of the duplication. However, no cost shall be charged to a parent or guardian for inspecting and reviewing the record or records. No cost shall be charged to a parent or guardian for the search for or retrieval of records.
- 4) A parent or guardian shall have the right to request a list of the types and the location of the child's educational records collected, maintained, or utilized by the District.
- 5) At the discretion of the District and for verification and record keeping purposes only, the District may require all parents or guardians to put into writing:
 - a. Their oral requests to inspect, review, copy or receive copies of education records;
 - b. Their oral designations of a representative; and
 - c. Their oral requests for a list of the types and location of records.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)**6) Student access rights**

Whenever a student has attained 18 years of age or is attending an institution of post-secondary education, the rights accorded to and the consent required of the parent or guardian of the student shall thereafter only be accorded to and required of the student (except as otherwise provided below).

Access Recordkeeping

- 1) The District shall keep a record of parties who have obtained access to the education records of a student. The access record shall include the name of the party, the date of access, and the purpose for which the party was allowed to use the records.
- 2) The District shall maintain, for public inspection, a current list of the names and positions of those employees who are authorized by the District to have access to personally identifiable information.

Maintenance of Records

The District shall designate an employee of the District as the official who shall be responsible for insuring that the education records confidentiality policies and procedures are enforced and administered. This official shall:

- 1) Notify parents or guardians of the policies and procedures regarding student education records and their rights regarding access.
- 2) Develop the plan for education records, including safeguards which protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information at the point of collection, storage, release, and destruction.
- 3) Provide in-service training to all staff in the implementation of Federal and State record access and confidentiality policies.
- 4) Maintain the current listing of employees who are authorized to have access to personally identifiable information.

Consent for the Release of Information

Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), unless otherwise exempted in accordance with law and regulation, the District may release personally identifiable information contained in student records only if it has received a "signed and dated written consent" from a parent or guardian or eligible student. Signed and dated written consent may include a record and signature in electronic form provided that such signature:

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- 1) Identifies and authenticates a particular person as the source of the electronic consent; and
- 2) Indicates such person's approval of the information contained in the electronic consent.

Exceptions

Without the consent of a parent or guardian or eligible student, a district may release a student's information or records when it is:

1) Directory Information

- a. Directory information is information contained in an education record of a student that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed.
- b. The District shall publish an annual public notice informing parents or eligible students (i.e., a student 18 years of age or older or who is attending an institution of post-secondary education) of the District's definition of directory information, the parent or eligible student's right to refuse the release of student directory information and indication of the time period for their response.
- c. Following such public notice and a reasonable response period, the District may release such information to an outside group without individual consent.
- d. The District shall limit disclosure of its designated directory information as otherwise specified in its public notice to parents and eligible students.

Directory information includes, but is not limited to, the student's name; address; telephone listing; electronic mail address; photograph; date and place of birth; major field of study; grade level; enrollment status (e.g., undergraduate or graduate, full-time or part-time); dates of attendance; participation in officially recognized activities and sports; weight and height of members of athletic teams; degrees, honors and awards received; and the most recent educational agency or institution attended.

Directory information also includes a student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used by the student for purposes of accessing or communicating in electronic systems, or that is displayed on a student ID card or badge, but only if the identifier cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal identification number (PIN), password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)

Directory information does **not** include a student's:

- a. Social security number; or
- b. Student identification (ID) number, except as provided above.

"Limited Directory Information Disclosure" means that the District may limit disclosure of its designated directory information to specific parties, for specific purposes, or both. The intent is to allow schools the option to implement policies that allow for the disclosure of student information for uses such as yearbooks, but restrict disclosure for more potentially dangerous purposes.

2) To School Officials who have a Legitimate Educational Interest

To other school officials, including teachers, within the educational agency or institution whom the school has determined to have legitimate educational interests. An educational interest includes the behavior of a student and disciplinary action taken against such student for conduct that posed a significant risk to the safety or well-being of the student, other students or other members of the school community. A "school official" includes:

- a. An administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel) or a person serving on the school board;
- b. Contractors, consultants, volunteers or other parties outside of the school who performs an institutional service or function for which the school would otherwise use its own employees and who are under the direct control of the school with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist;
- c. A parent or student volunteering to serve on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee; or
- d. A parent, student, or other volunteer assisting another school official in performing his or her task.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

3) To Another Educational Institution

The District may disclose any and all educational records, including disciplinary records and records that were created as a result of a student receiving special education services under Part B of IDEA, to another school or postsecondary institution at which the student seeks or intends to enroll, or after the student has enrolled or transferred, so long as the disclosure is for purposes

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)

related to the student's enrollment or transfer. Parental consent is not required for transferring education records if the school's annual FERPA notification indicates that such disclosures may be made. In the absence of information about disclosures in the annual FERPA notification, school officials must make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent about the disclosure, unless the parent initiated the disclosure. Additionally, upon request, schools must provide a copy of the information disclosed and an opportunity for a hearing.

4) For Health and Safety Emergency Reasons

School districts must balance the need to protect students' personally identifiable information with the need to address issues of school safety and emergency preparedness. Under FERPA, if an educational agency or institution determines that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information from education records, without consent, to any person whose knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of the student or other individuals during the period of the health or safety emergency. School districts may release information from records to appropriate parties including, but not limited to, parents, law enforcement officials and medical personnel. A school district's determination that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals shall be based upon a totality of the circumstances, including the information available, at the time the determination is made. The school district must record the articulable and significant threat that formed the basis for the disclosure and maintain this record for as long as the student's education records are maintained.

5) To Juvenile Justice Systems

Information may be disclosed to state and local officials or authorities to whom information is specifically allowed to be reported or disclosed by a state statute that concerns the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudication, the student whose records were released. In such cases the official or authority must certify in writing that the information will not be disclosed to any other party, except as provided under law, without prior written consent.

6) To Foster Care Agencies

A district may release records to an agency caseworker or other representative of a state or local child welfare agency, who has the right to access a student's case plan, when the agency or organization is legally responsible, for the care and protection of the student. This does not give a child welfare agency the right to look into any non-foster care student's records, without parental consent, when there has been a mere allegation of abuse or neglect, absent an order or subpoena (see below).

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)**7) Pursuant to Subpoena or Court Order**

When a district receives a subpoena or court order for the release of records the District must make a reasonable effort to notify the parent or guardian or eligible student of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance. This allows the parent or guardian or eligible student to seek protective action against the subpoena or order before the release of the records.

Districts may disclose a student's records without first notifying parents/guardians or eligible students if the disclosure is:

- a. Based on a subpoena in which the court orders, for good cause shown, not to reveal to any person the existence or contents of the subpoena or any information furnished pursuant to the subpoena;
- b. Pursuant to a judicial order in cases where the parents are a party to a court proceeding involving child abuse or neglect or dependency matters, and the order is issued in the context of that proceeding; or
- c. Made to a court (with or without an order or subpoena) when a District is involved in a legal action against a parent or student and the records are relevant to the matter.

8) For Financial Aid Purposes

Pertinent information may be released in connection with a student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid if the information is necessary to:

- a. Determine eligibility for the aid;
- b. Determine the amount of the aid;
- c. Determine the conditions for the aid; or
- d. Enforce the terms and conditions of the aid.

Financial aid is defined as a payment of funds provided to an individual (or a payment in kind of tangible or intangible property to the individual) that is conditioned on the individual's attendance at an educational agency or institution.

9) To an Accrediting Organizations

Disclosure of a student's records may be made to an organization in which that student seeks accreditation, in order to carry out their accrediting function.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)10) To Parents of a Dependent Student

Even when a student turns 18 years of age or older, a District may disclose education records to that student's parents, without the student's consent, if the student is claimed as a dependent for federal income tax purposes by either parent.

11) For Audit/Evaluation Purposes

The audit or evaluation exception allows for the disclosure of PII from education records without consent to authorized representatives of the Comptroller General of the U.S., the Attorney General, the Secretary of Education, federal, state or local educational authorities ("FERPA permitted" entities). Under this exception, PII from education records must be used to audit or evaluate a federal or state supported education program, or to enforce or comply with federal legal requirements that relate to those education programs (audit, evaluation, or enforcement or compliance activity).

Disclosures may be made to the Secretary of Agriculture, or authorized representative from the Food and Nutrition Service or contractors acting on their behalf, for the purposes of conducting program monitoring, evaluations, and performance measurements of school food service programs if the results will be reported in an aggregate form that does not identify any individual.

The District may, from time to time, disclose PII from education records without consent to authorized representatives of the entities listed above. The District may also, from time to time, designate its own authorized representative who may access PII without consent in connection with an audit or evaluation of an education program within the District. As an example, the District might designate a university as its authorized representative in order to disclose, without consent, PII from education records on its former students to the university. The university could then disclose, without consent, transcript data on those former students attending the university to allow the District to evaluate how effectively the District prepared its students for success in postsecondary education.

12) For Conducting Studies

This exception allows for the disclosure of PII from education records without consent to organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, schools, school districts or postsecondary institutions. Studies can be for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests; administering student aid programs; or improving instruction.

The District may, from time to time, disclose PII from education records without consent to such organizations conducting studies for the District, in accordance with its obligations under FERPA.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)

In addition, other entities outside of the District may, from time to time, disclose PII from education records that the District has previously shared with that entity, to organizations conducting studies on behalf of the District. For example, a State Education Agency (SEA) may disclose PII from education records provided by the District without consent to an organization for the purpose of conducting a study that compares program outcomes across school districts to further assess the effectiveness of such programs with the goal of providing the best instruction.

Amendment of Education RecordsRight to Request a Hearing

The District shall, on parent or guardian (or eligible student) request, provide the parent or guardian with an opportunity for a hearing to challenge information in education records if it is alleged that such information is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the child. The hearing shall be conducted according to the following provisions:

- 1) The hearing shall be held within a reasonable time after the District receives the request for a hearing from the parent or guardian.
- 2) The parent or guardian shall be notified in writing, of the date, place and time of the hearing reasonably in advance of the hearing.
- 3) The hearing shall be conducted by any individual, including a school district official, who does not have a direct interest in the outcome of the hearing.
- 4) The parent or guardian shall be afforded a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues.
- 5) The parent or guardian may, at the hearing, be assisted or represented by persons of his or her choice at his or her own expense; such persons may include legal counsel.

Decision after Hearing

The Hearing Officer shall render a written decision on the issues presented at the hearing within a reasonable time after the conclusion of the hearing. The decision shall be based solely upon evidence presented at the hearing and shall include a summary of the evidence and the reasons for the decision.

Decision to Amend

If, as a result of the hearing, the Hearing Officer decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy rights of the student, the District shall amend the education records accordingly and so inform the parent or guardian in writing.

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SUBJECT: ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS (Cont'd.)Decision not to Amend

If, as a result of the hearing, the Hearing Officer decides that the information is not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy rights of the student, the District shall inform the parent or guardian of his or her right to place in the education record of the student a statement which sets forth the written comments of the parent or guardian regarding the information in the education records or reasons for disagreeing with the decision of the Hearing Officer or both written comments and reasons.

- 1) The statement of the parent or guardian shall be appended by the agency to the education records so long as the record or the contested portion thereof is maintained by the District.
- 2) If the education records of the students or the contested portion thereof are released by the District to any party, the statement of the parent or guardian shall also be released to the party.

Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to mean that the parent or guardian and the District may not, by mutual agreement, meet prior to either a parent or guardian request for a hearing or the hearing itself in order to discuss the concerns of the parent or guardian regarding the accuracy or inaccuracy of the records of the student.

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUEST BY PARENT OR GUARDIAN OR ELIGIBLE STUDENT
TO EXAMINE AND COPY RECORDS**

TO: RECORDS ACCESS OFFICER

I, _____, hereby request that

I be allowed to inspect and review the following records pertaining to:

☐ myself

☐ my son/daughter

Dated: _____

Signature of Parent or Guardian or Eligible Student

(To be kept by the Records Access Officer so as to indicate the date a particular record was requested for the purpose of the 45-day period. If a person refuses to fill out a written request, access cannot be denied. In those cases, the Records Access Officer should complete this form.)

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF RECORDS**

I, _____, hereby authorize
the _____ to release copies
(name of school)

of _____
(list records)

which are part of the records of _____
(name of student)

and to furnish them to _____
for the purpose of _____

Signature

Date

(This form must be signed by the parent or guardian or eligible student prior to the release of personally identifiable student information to a third party at the request of the parent or guardian or eligible student.)

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTICE OF COURT ORDER OR SUBPOENA**

Dear Parent/Guardian or Student:

This is to inform you that Mineola School District received a Court Order/Subpoena requesting that the following records which are part of your

_____ (relationship) _____ (name)
confidential records be presented to _____ (name)
at _____ (time and place)

Please be advised that said records will be provided in accordance with the Court Order/Subpoena.

Very truly yours,

Signature

Date

Please note:

- 1) *This letter is to be used to notify parents/guardians or eligible students of a Court Order or Subpoena to examine and make copies of personally identifiable student records. It must be sent prior to compliance with the Court Order or Subpoena.*
- 2) *This form is not needed and notification should not be made if the disclosure is:*
 - a. *Based on a subpoena in which a court specifically orders, for good cause shown, not to reveal to any person the existence or contents of the subpoena or any information furnished pursuant to the subpoena;*
 - b. *Pursuant to a judicial order in cases where a parent/person in parental relation is a party to a court proceeding involving child abuse or neglect or dependency matters, and the order is issued in the context of that proceeding; or*
 - c. *Made to a court (with or without an order or subpoena) when a District is involved in a legal action against a parent or student and the records are relevant to the matter.*

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTIFICATION TO PARENTS OR GUARDIANS OF RECORD TRANSFER
TO AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION**

Dear Parent/Guardian or Student:

This is to advise you that school records relating to you(r) _____,
(relationship)

_____, will be transferred to _____.
(student name)

If you desire, you may see or be given copies of those records to be transferred. They will be available between _____ at _____.

If you feel the content of those records is incorrect, you have the right to challenge them at a hearing.

If _____
is not contacted by _____, the District will assume that you do not want copies of those records and that you do not wish a hearing to object to their content.

Very truly yours,

Signature

Date

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUEST TO CONTEST RECORDS**

I, _____, hereby request a hearing to challenge the contents of the school record(s) of _____.

My reason for requesting a hearing to challenge the content of these school record(s) is as follows (check as many as apply):

☐ The record(s) contain information that is inaccurate. (Explain - be as specific as possible.)

☐ The record(s) contain information that is misleading. (Explain - be as specific as possible.)

☐ The record(s) contain information that is in violation of the privacy or other rights of the student. (Explain - be as specific as possible.)

It is my understanding that I will be notified within a reasonable time of my request as to the date, time, and place of the hearing.

I also understand that I shall receive a written response by the Hearing Officer as to the disposition of the hearing within a reasonable time of the hearing.

Signed _____

Date _____

**MINEOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT
PARENTAL ELECTRONIC CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF STUDENT RECORDS**

In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), subject to certain exceptions, the Mineola School District cannot release student educational records to third parties without written parental consent.

Under law, the District may accept email consent from parents to release their child's educational records to a third party if such email consent "identifies and authenticates" the parent as the source of the consent and clearly indicates the parent's approval for the release.

If you wish to be able to email consent for the release of your child's educational records to a third party in accordance with FERPA, fill out the form below and **personally deliver it to the District Office**, along with personal identification and a photo ID.

PARENTAL ELECTRONIC CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF STUDENT RECORDS

I confirm that the Mineola School District may accept my email consent for the release of educational records to a third party in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

My email consent will be accepted provided that it contains the password indicated below and specifically states the records that I consent to be released.

It is my responsibility to notify the Mineola School District of a change in my email address, password or any other changes to this electronic consent.

Date: _____

Student's Name: _____ (one form per student)

Parent's Signature: _____

Email Address: _____

Password: _____

For Office Use:

Type of personal identification and photo ID presented (photocopy attached):
